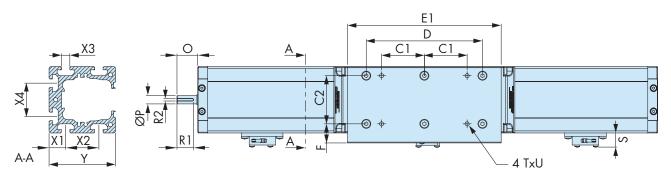
HepcoMotion[®]

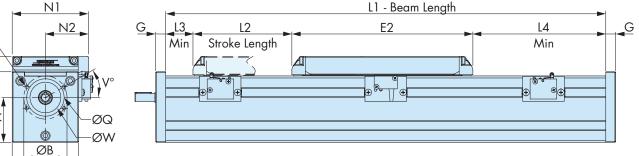
SDM - Screw Driven Module

The HepcoMotion[®] SDM range has been based on the popular SBD range of belt driven linear actuators but incorporates a ballscrew into the design. This allows for improved stiffness and precision.

Units are supplied in increments of 60mm (SDM20-80) and 80mm (SDM30-100) up to 2800mm in one piece. Longer units are available on request. The nominal stroke length is calculated with the carriage up against the internal buffers. In practice a clearance should be provided to allow for overrun.

The main dimensions of the standard length SDM unit are shown below.





SDM Unit	Pitch	A	В	Cl	C2	D	El	E2	F	G	Hxl	J	К	L1 (min)	L2 Nominal stroke
SDM 20-80	Ø16x5/10/16	54	52	51.5	58	140	185	218	23	12	M5x12	103.5	85	530	L1-294
SDM 30-100	Ø20x5	69	60	65	76	180	235	260	245	10	M5x12	102.5	105	530	L1-322
3DIN 30-100	Ø20x20		00	05	70	180	235	200	24.5	12	IVIJX I Z	123.5	105	540	L1-332

SDM Unit	Pitch	L3 (min)	L4 (min)	M	N1	N2	0	Ρ	Q'' H7	R1	R2	S	TxU	v	W'1	XI	X2	хз	X4	Y
SDM 20-80	Ø16x5/10/16	31	45	80	91.5	52	25	10	44.5	20	3	17	M6x9.5	30	-	20	40	10	40	80
SDM 30-100	Ø20x5 Ø20x20	28	26.5 36.5	100	112	62.5	30	15	50	25	5	17	M8x9.5	45	43	30	40	10	50	100

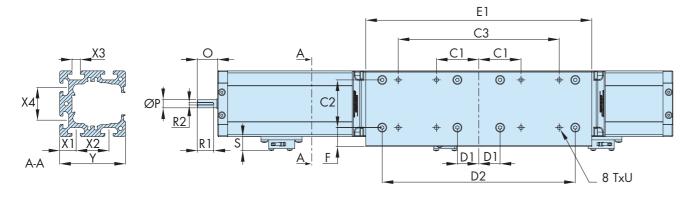
(All dimensions in mm)

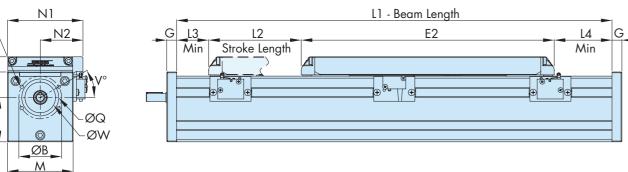
4 Hxl

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SDM - Screw Driven Module - Long Carriage

SDM units are available with a long carriage option. This version has two HLG bearing blocks in the carriage and has much improved load capacity. The main dimensions of the standard long carriage SDM units are shown below. For further information please contact Hepco's technical department.





SDM Unit	Pitch	A	В	CI	C2	C3	DI	D2	El	E2	F	G	Hxl	J	к	L1 (min)	L2 Nominal Stroke						
SDM 20-80	Ø16x5/10/16	54	52	51.5	58	196	26	235	275	308	23	12	M5x12	103.5	85	540	L1-362						
SDM 30-100	Ø20x5	69	60	65	76	260	46	295	340	272	24.5	12 M5x12		5 12	5 12	1.12	12	12 145,12	M5v12	102.5	105	530	L1-404
3DM 30-100	Ø20x20	09	00	05	/0	200	40	295	340	3/3	24.5			123.5	105	540	L1-424						

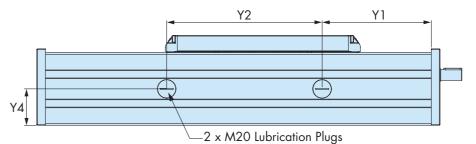
SDM Unit	Pitch	L3 (min)	L4 (min)	M	NI	N2	0	P	Q`' H7	R1	R2	S	TxU	v	W'1	XI	X2	ХЗ	X4	Y
SDM 20-80	Ø16x5/10/16	10	45	80	91.5	52	25	10	44.5	20	3	17	M6x9.5	30	-	20	40	10	40	80
SDM 20 100	Ø20x5	20	21	100	110	40.5	20	1.5	50	25	5	17	M0.0.5	45	42	20	40	10	50	100
SDM 30-100	Ø20x20	20	31	100		62.5	30	15	50	25	5		M8x9.5	45	43	30	40	10	50	100

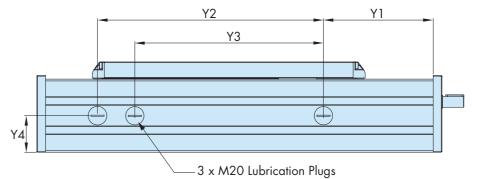
(All dimensions in mm)

SDM Lubrication Information

Re-lubrication of the ball guide carriage blocks and the ballscrew is via the access points in the side of the beam, and closed off with a threaded plug. The lubrication interval depends on length of stroke, speed and duty, but should be no longer than 500km linear travel.

The positions of the lubrication holes for both standard and long carriage arrangements are detailed below.





SDM Unit		Ballscrew Pitch	Y١	Y2	Y3	¥4	
		Ø16x05		172			
	Standard	Ø16x10	150	179.5	-	36	
SDM20-80		Ø16x16		175			
		Ø16x5/10	150	264.5	186.5	36	
	Long Carriage	Ø16x16	150	266.5	100.5	30	
	Standard	Ø20x5	156	207.5		50	
CDM20 100	Sianaara	Ø20x20	150	215	-	50	
SDM30-100		Ø20x5	156	314	246	50	
	Long Carriage	Ø20x20	130	310.5	240	50	

Lubricant must be applied to all lubrication points on the SDM unit. Use lithium soap based grease NLGI consistency No 2 or similar. For further details please contact Hepco's technical department.

4 Hxl

Standard

Long carriage

System Life Calculation

The system life of a SDM unit will be dependent on many factors. These include the life of the HLG linear ball guide, which supports the moving load applied to the carriage, and the ballscrew which provides the driving force. In many applications the limiting factor will be the linear ball guide, and this life can be calculated in the section below. In some applications where the SDM is providing a high driving force, then the life of the ballscrew should also be considered.

HLG Linear Ball Guide life

The table shows the maximum carriage loading, and the calculation below determines the system life.

		l	Li		L2	٨	1s	N	lv	٨	٨	
SD	M Unit											
		Nominal	@ 10000km									
20-80	Standard Carriage	21200N	1813N	21200N	1813N	189Nm	16.2Nm	175Nm	14.9Nm	175Nm	14.9Nm	
SDM	Long Carriage	33920N	2900N	33920N	2900N	302Nm	25.8Nm	1150Nm	138Nm	1150Nm	138Nm	
30-100	Standard Carriage	52100N	4455N	52100N	4455N	639Nm	54Nm	755Nm	64Nm	755Nm	64Nm	
SDM 3	Long Carriage	68800N	5882N	68800N	5882N	848Nm	72.5Nm	2990Nm	360Nm	2990Nm	360Nm	

The tabulated load figures above for 10000km assume a value for variable load factor fv = 2, which is suitable for most applications. The long carriage figures are based on HLG ball guide dynamic load capacities combined with a mounting factor of 0.8 (see HLG Catalogue).

To determine system life, first calculate the load factor LF using the equation below.

$$LF = \frac{L_1}{L_1_{(max)}} + \frac{L_2}{L_2_{(max)}} + \frac{M_s}{M_s_{(max)}} + \frac{M}{M_{(max)}} + \frac{M_v}{M_v_{(max)}} \le 0.2$$

The life of the system is then calculated using the equation below:

System Life (km) = 50 x
$$\left(\frac{1}{L_F \times f_v}\right)^3$$

Note: fv is the variable load factor which takes account of speed and vibration/impact conditions. A value of 2 is appropriate for typical SDM applications, but consult Hepco's technical department for specific advice.

Ballscrew Life

The table below shows details of the ballscrew static and dynamic capacities, and the maximum driving force that can be applied by the SDM unit for a linear travel of 10000km.

SDM Unit	Ballscrew	Ballscrew N	lut Capacity	Maximum driving
SDM Unit	Diameter x pitch	Static Coa	Dynamic Ca	force @ 10000 km
	16 x 5	15200N	13400N	1060N
SDM20-80	16 x 10	14700N	11800N	1180N
	16 x 16	19900N	15100N	1760N
SDM30-100	20 x 5	19900N	15100N	1190N
2014120-100	20 x 20	24600N	16600N	2090N

For more further details on ballscrew life please refer to the BSP catalogue, available at www.HepcoMotion.com/bspdatauk or contact Hepco's technical department.

Drive Data & Calculations

The linear force which can be generated by a SDM unit is determined by the torque applied (τ in Nm), the force coefficient (Cf) and composite drag (Dc) of the SDM unit.

SDM Force Coefficient Cf											
	SDM20-80 SDM30-100										
Screw pitch /mm	5	10	16	5	20						
Force Coefficient Cf	1131	565	353	1131	283						

Linear Force (N) = Cf x T- Dc

The above equation gives the linear force developed by a typical system in typical conditions, but there will be some variation. It is recommended to select motors which have significantly more than the minimum torque, to ensure performance and reliability.

Beam Deflection Calculations & Data

The deflection of a SDM unit under load follows conventional beam calculations. For example, the deflection of a SDM unit L (mm) long, simply supported at the ends and subject to a central load F (N) is:

Deflection (mm)

Where E is the young's modulus of aluminium alloy (= $7x10^4$ N/m and I is the second moment of area of the SDM beam section (see

Example: In the case of a simply supported SDM 20-80 beam 2000mm between supports, and subject to a central Ix-x loading of 150N, the deflection at the centre of the span will be 0.25mm.

SDM Unit Weights

The weight of a SDM unit is calculated using the formula in the table below, where L is the beam length in m. This data will allow the calculation of the mass of the moving parts.

SMD Unit	SDM Unit	Carriage Mass (kg)	
SDM 20-80	Standard Carriage	9.75 x L + 2.86	2.00
5DM 20-00	Long Carriage	9.75 x L + 3.72	2.85
SDM 30-100	Standard Carriage	16.1 x L + 5.41	3.99
SDM 30-100	Long Carriage	16.1 x L + 7.13	5.71

SDM Composite Drag Dc										
Standard Carriage Long Carriage										
SDM 20-80	40 + 0.01xLA	50+ 0.01xLA								
SDM 30-100	55 + 0.01xLa	70 + 0.01xLA								

Where LA is load applied to the carriage

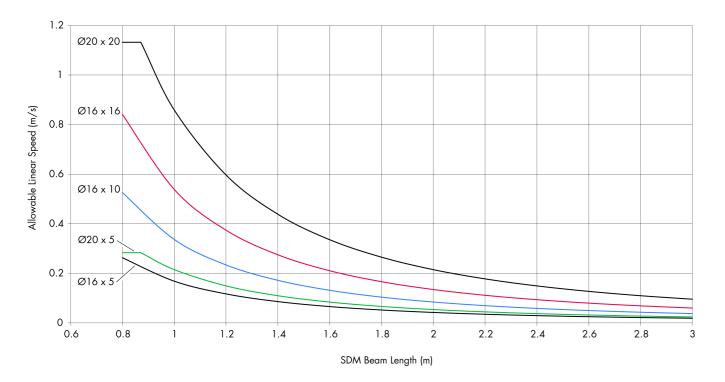
$$= \frac{F \times L^3}{48 \times E \times I}$$

1m ²)	Second moment of area (mm ⁴)	lx-x	Іу-у
table).	SDM 20-80	14.2x10 ⁵	17.0x10⁵
	SDM 30-100	36.2x10⁵	44.0x105

Screw Critical Speed

For any SDM unit, there is a critical speed of rotation beyond which the screw is susceptible to large amplitude vibration and deflection due to 'whip'. The speed at which this becomes possible depends upon the maximum length of the screw between the support bearing and the nut, and the length of the screw. It is important that operating speeds are below this critical speed. In all cases the ballscrew should not operate at speeds in excess of 3000rpm.

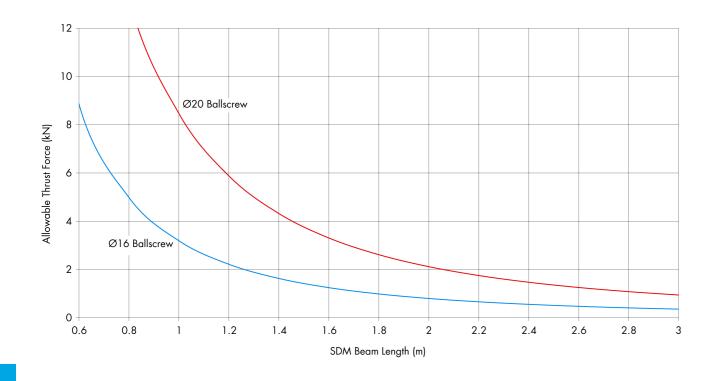
The curves shown include a safety factor of 20% on speed.



Screw Buckling Load

The maximum axial load on the screw can be limited by buckling of the screw, where systems are long or thrust loads are high. The curves shown include a safety factor of 100%.

For long systems, where the loading on the screw (which is fixed at the drive end and floats axially at the other end) is high, then it may be possible to arrange the principle load to put the screw in tension.



Ancillary Components

